python-discid Documentation

Release 0.5.0

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Note: This is hopefully the last beta release, but small API changes might occur.

python-discid is a Python binding of libdiscid by MusicBrainz.

The main purpose is the calculation of an identifier for audio discs (Disc ID) to use for the MusicBrainz database. Additionally the disc MCN and track ISRCs can be extracted.

This module is released under the GNU Lesser General Public License Version 3 or later (LGPL3+) and the code repository and the bug tracker are at GitHub.

If you are interested in a binding for the MusicBrainz Web Service, you might be interested in python-musicbrainz-ngs.

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1.1 Download and Installation

1.1.1 Dependencies

python-discid works with Python $2 \ge 2.6$, or Python $3 \ge 3.1$.

The module discid cannot be imported without Libdiscid >= 0.2.2 installed. If you want to use it as optional dependency, import the module only when needed or catch the OSError when libdiscid is not found.

1.1.2 Package Repositories (Linux)

If you are using Linux, you might find python-discid in a repository used by your package manager.

These packages are known:

- Arch Linux: AUR (Arch Python 2, Arch Python 3)
- openSUSE: software.opensuse.org (SuSE Python 2, SuSE Python 3)
- Ubuntu: PPA (both)

Your package manager will also handle the *libdiscid* dependency automatically.

1.1.3 PyPI

The next-best option is to load the Package from pypi with pip:

```
pip install discid
```

You still have to install Libdiscid.

1.1.4 Source Code

The code is available from GitHub as zip and tar.gz.

You can always get the latest code with git:

```
git clone https://github.com/JonnyJD/python-discid.git
```

Installation

You can use **python-discid** already when you put the folder discid in the same location you run your script from or somewhere in your PYTHONPATH.

System-wide installation is done with:

```
python setup.py install
```

You can test your setup (including Libdiscid) with:

```
python setup.py test
```

1.1.5 Libdiscid

If you don't have a package manager that takes care of the Libdiscid dependency, you have to download it manually.

You can find several builds and the source at http://musicbrainz.org/doc/libdiscid.

If no build for your platform is available, you have to build from source and install with:

```
cmake .
make
make install
```

If the last step doesn't work for you, you might have to place the files discid.DLL, libdiscid.*.dylib or libdiscid.so.* (depending on your platform) in the same directory as you start your script from or somewhere in your PATH.

1.2 Usage

1.2.1 Basic

The basic use case is:

```
# this will load libdiscid
import discid

print("device: %s" % discid.DEFAULT_DEVICE)
disc = discid.read() # reads from default device
print("id: %s" % disc.id)
print("submission url:\n%s" % disc.submission_url)
```

You can also set the device explicitely:

```
device = discid.DEFAULT_DEVICE
disc = discid.read(device)
id = disc.id
```

You can use other devices of course: see read().

When anything goes wrong reading from the device, DiscError is raised.

1.2.2 Advanced

discid can do more than just provide the MusicBrainz Disc ID. You can get details about the tracks an fetch additional features like the ISRCs and the MCN, which is basically the EAN/UPC of the disc:

```
disc = discid.read(features=["mcn", "isrc"])
print("mcn: %s" % disc.mcn)
for track in disc.tracks:
    print("{num:>2}: {isrc:13}".format(num=track.number, isrc=track.isrc))
```

1.2.3 Without Disc Access

When you just want to generate disc IDs and you have the necessary data laying around, you can use put (). You will need the numbers of the first track (should be 1), the number of the last audio track (cut off trailing data tracks), the total number of sectors for these tracks and the offset for every one of the tracks up to the last audio track.

An example for the TOC TqvKjMu7dMliSfmVEBtrL7sBSno-:

```
first = 1
last = 15
sectors = 258725
offsets = [150, 17510, ..., 235590]
disc = discid.put(first, last, sectors, offsets)
print("id: %s" % disc.id)
last_track = disc.tracks[disc.last_track_num - 1]
print("last track length: %s seconds" % last_track.seconds)
```

Note: The example disc has track 16 as a multimedia/data track. The sector count for the disc is the ending sector for track 15! Depending on how you get this number, you might need to substract 11400 (2:32 minutes) from your sector count. Make sure the last track length is correct!

See Also:

Disc ID Calculation for details on which numbers to choose.

1.2.4 Fetching Metadata

You can use python-musicbrainz-ngs to fetch metadata for your disc. The relevant function is musicbrainzngs.get_releases_by_discid():

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```
print("title:\t%s" % result["disc"]["release-list"][0]["title"])
elif result.get("cdstub"):
    print("artist:\t" % result["cdstub"]["artist"])
    print("title:\t" % result["cdstub"]["title"])
```

You can fetch much more data. See musicbrainzngs for details.

Note: Please submit your disc ID with Disc.submission_url when it isn't found at the MusicBrainz server.

1.3 discid API

Python binding of Libdiscid

Libdiscid is a library to calculate MusicBrainz Disc IDs. This module provides a python-like API for that functionality.

The user is expected to create a Disc object using read() or put() and extract the generated information.

Importing this module will open libdiscid at the same time and will raise OSError when libdiscid is not found.

1.3.1 Constants

At the module level there are these constants available:

```
discid.LIBDISCID_VERSION_STRING
```

The version string of the loaded libdiscid in the form *libdiscid x.y.z.* For old versions the string is *libdiscid* < 0.4.0.

```
discid. DEFAULT DEVICE
```

The default device to use for read () on this platform given as a unicode or str object.

```
discid.FEATURES
```

The features libdiscid supports for the platform as a list of strings. Some Functions can raise NotImplementedError when a feature is not available. Some features might not be implemented in this python module, see FEATURES IMPLEMENTED.

```
discid.FEATURES_IMPLEMENTED = ['read', 'mcn', 'isrc']
```

The features implemented in this python module as a list of strings. Some might not be available for your platform, see FEATURES.

1.3.2 Functions

These functions are used to create a Disc object.

```
discid.read(device=None, features=[])
```

Reads the TOC from the device given as string and returns a Disc object.

That string can be either of: str, unicode or bytes. However, it should in no case contain non-ASCII characters. If no device is given, the DEFAULT_DEVICE is used.

You can optionally add a subset of the features in FEATURES or the whole list to read more than just the TOC. In contrast to libdiscid, read () won't read any of the additional features by default.

A DiscError exception is raised when the reading fails, and NotImplementedError when libdiscid doesn't support reading discs on the current platform.

```
discid.put (first, last, disc_sectors, track_offsets)
```

Creates a TOC based on the information given and returns a Disc object.

Takes the *first* track and *last* **audio** track as int. *disc_sectors* is the end of the last audio track, normally the total sector count of the disc. *track_offsets* is a list of all audio track offsets.

Depending on how you get the total sector count, you might have to substract 11400 (2:32 min.) for discs with data tracks.

A TOCError exception is raised when illegal parameters are provided.

See Also:

Disc ID Calculation

1.3.3 Disc object

class discid. Disc

The class of the object returned by read() or put().

id

This is the MusicBrainz Disc ID, a unicode or str object.

freedb id

This is the FreeDB Disc ID (without category), a unicode or str object.

submission_url

Disc ID / TOC Submission URL for MusicBrainz

With this url you can submit the current TOC as a new MusicBrainz Disc ID. This is a unicode or str object.

first_track_num

Number of the first track

last_track_num

Number of the last audio track

sectors

Total length in sectors

length

This is an alias for sectors

seconds

Total length in seconds

mcn

This is the Media Catalogue Number (MCN/UPC/EAN)

It is set after the "mcn" feature was requested on a read and supported by the platform or None. If set, this is a unicode or str object.

tracks

A list of Track objects for this Disc.

1.3.4 Track object

class discid.Track (disc, number)

Track objects are part of the Disc class.

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number

The track number

offset

The track offset

sectors

The track length in sectors

length

This is an alias for sectors

seconds

Track length in seconds

isrc

The International Standard Recording Code

This will be *None* when the "*isrc*" feature was not requested or not supported, otherwise this is a unicode or str object.

1.3.5 Exceptions

The discid module includes a custom exception to handle specific problems:

exception discid. DiscError

Bases: exceptions.IOError

read () will raise this exception when an error occured.

exception discid. TOCError

Bases: ${\tt exceptions.Exception}$

put () will raise this exception when illegal paramaters are provided.

1.4 Changelog

1.4.1 Changes in 0.5.0 (2013-04-27):

- feature: #10 add Disc.mcn and Track.isrc
- feature: add LIBDISCID_VERSION_STRING
- feature: #28 add Disc.seconds, Track.seconds and aliases Disc.length and Track.sectors
- #22 move read() and put() to module level
- #25 provide a package discid rather than a module
- #29 changed parameters for put () to include extra sectors and add TOCError
- rename DiscId to Disc
- fix: #27 move track attributes to Track
- fix: #24 only have "real" tracks in the list(s) (0 not special)
- fix: #19 only read the requested features from disc (sparse)
- fix: #26 remove DiscId.webservice_url (deprecated)
- fix: detect the version of libdiscid 0.3.0 also in lib64 installations

1.4.2 Changes in 0.4.0 (2013-04-09):

- feature: added FEATURES_IMPLEMENTED, DiscId.track_lengths, DiscId.webservice_url and DiscId.freedb_id
- feature #18: disc access test suite
- fix #21: uninformative error on Windows

1.4.3 Changes in 0.3.0 (2013-03-11):

- feature #20: add FEATURES list
- feature: DiscId.put(), DiscId.track_offsets, DiscId.sectors, DiscId.first_track_num, DiscId.last_track_num
- fix #17: test fails on Mac OS X for default_device
- fix #16: prefer libdiscid in current directory
- fix #15: import can now raise OSError
- fix #14: find libdiscid in current folder (Linux/Unix)

1.4.4 Changes in 0.2.1 (2013-01-30):

• fix #9: test fails on Python 3.2 because of unicode literals

1.4.5 Changes in 0.2.0 (2013-01-30):

- API change from DiscId.get_id() to DiscId.id
- added DEFAULT_DEVICE as a module constant
- added DiscId.submission_url
- added an actual documentation and links to linux packages
- add tests and continuous integration configuration
- · add changelog

1.4.6 Changes in 0.1.0 (2013-01-12):

• initial version with DiscId.read() and DiscId.get_id()

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RELATED TOOLS

There are other other bindings of libdiscid available. Please check Libdiscid.

In particular there is another Python binding named python-libdiscid. The main difference is, that *python-libdiscid* is released under the Expat license and uses Cython. This means that it needs to be compiled against libdiscid. *Python-discid* doesn't need compilation, as it uses ctypes.

If you want to use the disc ID created by *python-discid* to query MusicBrainz for metatdata, then you should use python-musicbrainz-ngs. See *Fetching Metadata* for using *discid* and *musicbrainzngs* together.

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